

The Daily Gazette
PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY,
HOLT, BOWEN & WILCOX,
IN LAPPIN'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

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AND
THE PEOPLE'S CERTIFICATE.
We, the undersigned, citizens of Rock county, do hereby certify that we have purchased Book (of their own manufacture) from
Messrs. Hemming & Thomas
at various times, and have worn them constantly for the length of time hereby stated:
No. of copies purchased. Price paid. Time worn.
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Drug and Tea Store.

PRICES TO CORRESPOND
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WE HAVE the largest and best selected stock of
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Paints, Oils and Varnishes,
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to be found in market. Together with a full and varied
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for Family Use.

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WE WILL

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DAILY GAZETTE.

From West Virginia.

GREAT MOUNTAIN SUMMIT, Sept. 28.

When I wrote you yesterday, I attempted to give you a description of two regiments who had bivouacked all the night before on the mountain side, exposed to the rain.

Hundreds were struck down with chills. Fires were built in the woods, but were soon extinguished.

The tented regiments freely invited the suffering men into their quarters, in fact went out, picked up those exhausted and carried them in. But what shelter were the thin tents to men who had not a dry thread on them? The fort and all the reliable places of shelter were filled with the sick.

The poor horses suffered fully as bad as the men. There was no shelter whatever for them, and many of the team horses were already exhausted, and as the storm increased they fell one by one, groaned and died.

After the men had been mostly stowed away in tents or around fires in ravines, a lot of contraband whiskey was opened and distributed judiciously among the men. I believe it saved the lives of many. Toward the evening the rain held up, but the wind increased in violence and grew colder.

The men in the tents crawled out and built fires in sheltered places.

Three hundred marched down to a covered bridge, a mile and a half from camp, and sought shelter there. The waters rose rapidly, and soon covered the floor of the bridge.

All through the night soldiers came marching to our hut, asking the privilege to warm.

Only one death is known. Mr. Joseph Howell, Squire of the 1st Indiana regiment, in company with Mr. Stout, started on horseback for the valley about dark. At the foot of the mountain there is a gorge running across the road through which the water was rushing furiously. They attempted to ford the stream. The horses were carried away. Mr. Stout succeeded in reaching the shore, but the Squire went with his horse down the gorge, and was lost. He came from Terre Haute.

Some ten or fifteen horses were found dead this morning, and others in a dying condition. The road down the mountain is badly cut up by the torrents, and the telegraph is prostrated. The men were roused up early as possible, and stirred around to get the chill off them. A large party was sent down the road to repair it, and put the telegraph in good condition.

The sick—and there are many of them—are immediately attended to.—*Cor. Cin. Times.*

THE NORTH WIVES OF KNOXVILLE.

After Parson Brownlow's paper was suppressed by the rebels, he still persisted in defending the flag of the Union, until at length it became apparent to his friends that it could no longer be of any service to keep it flying. They also saw that he was hourly jeopardizing the lives of all his family, and finally prevailed on him to take it down. His wife, on perceiving what he was about to do, forbade him. "No," said Mrs. Brownlow, "your hand shall never strike the American flag. If it must come down, I will take it down myself. That act shall never be written of Parson Brownlow, and she then reluctantly drew down the flag.

When Parson Brownlow's stars and stripes no longer tossed their folds to the breeze, there still waved another American flag at Knoxville. It was that of Mr. Williams. He was a bold, brave, true man, and had quietly, but firmly, watched and defended the flag on its standard at his house-top.

His premises were closely watched by the rebels. They saw him depart one day for a farm two or three miles distant, and immediately prepared for their work. Some horsemen were detailed to take the flag down. Mrs. Williams saw them coming, and stepped to the door with a loaded rifle in her hand. When they were within hearing, "Halt!" she exclaimed with the firm voice of a sentry—"Halt!" and pointed the rifle into their midst. They all halted a moment and conversed together. None dared advance. One by one they turned and rode away. Up to a late date that flag remained unfurled.

Already Mrs. Brownlow and Mrs. Williams are historic characters. Their names will go down to posterity side by side with the heroines of the Revolution, and rank high among the noble women of Eighteen Hundred and Sixty-One.

THE COMING FIGHT.—The Cincinnati Commercial has the following well considered remarks upon the approaching fight on the Potomac:

If the pending fight comes off at Manassas, the chances are the enemy will be found much stronger there than on the 21st of July, but the attack will be made in a far different style. McClellan has now as many regiments as McDowell had companies of cavalry, so that there will be no danger of trouble on the flank, and he has at least four times as many field guns as McDowell had, and they are heavier in calibre, and longer in range, while his supply of ammunition will be unlimited. The chances are the enemy will decline to risk a battle in the open field, and await the assault. If so we expect Manassas will be taken by regular approaches, and that the masses of infantry will not be hurled forward before our artillery has cleared the way. It is McClellan's well known opinion that this war will be decided by artillery; and we anticipate such an artillery duel at Manassas as the world never saw, save at Sebastopol.

A FEMALE SECESSIONIST.—On her way to Washington, in custody.—The government agent, stationed at this city has left for Washington, having in charge the Southern lady, who he arrested as a spy and worker of treason, while stopping at the Sherman House, last week. She is very defiant—utters her contempt for the government boldly, but it remaining to be proved that she is actually guilty of the crime that is charged against her, we are forbidden from giving her name at present. She is probably by this time in the federal prison prepared for traitresses at Washington, awaiting trial.

We are assured that this lady—a widow, of apparent respectability and intelligence—has two sons in the rebel army, and has been plotting with and assisting the rebels in various ways for several weeks past. The evidence of her guilt are said to be very conclusive.—*Chicago Journal.*

A. N. RANDALL, H. M. BELIS AND E. W. TAYLOR are commissioned as captain and lieutenants of Orfordville Volunteers.

CHICAGO ADVERTISEMENTS.
From the Agency of C. H. Scriven.

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By special arrangement with the University of Chicago, the students of which are held in
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graduate of this department.

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H. B. HAYDEN, J. W. H. STRATTON,
Janesville, Wis., January 2, 1861.

The Evening Post,
THE OLDEST AND MOST REPUTABLE JOURNAL IN THE
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Now in the Sixth year of its existence, combines
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The Daily Gazette

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY.

HOLT, BOWEN & WILCOX,
IN LAPPIN'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

TERMS:
SIX DOLLARS A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

CHARLES HOLT, BUREAU, DANIEL WILCOX.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Two lines close matter, or its equivalent in space, constitutes a square.

1 square 1 day, \$75

do do 2 days, 1.00

do do 3 days, 1.50

do do 4 days, 2.00

do do 5 days, 2.50

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THE FARMER'S TESTIMONIAL

AND
THE PEOPLE'S CERTIFICATE.

WE the undersigned, citizens of Rock county, do

certify that we have purchased Boots (of their

own manufacture) from

Messrs. Hemming & Thomas

at various times, and have worn them constantly for the

length of time heretofore stated:

James Wright, Porter, Oct. 15, 1860.

Michael Aiso, Fulton, 4.00 2 years.

John A. Allen, Rock, 4.50 18 months.

John Lynch, Janesville, 5.00 20 "

Robert W. Caplan, Janesville, 5.50 14 "

John W. Smith, Janesville, 6.00 12 "

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NEW DEAL

AT

PALMER'S

Drug and Tea Store.

PRICES TO CORRESPOND

with the

Price of Produce

and

VALUE OF MONEY.

WE HAVE the largest and best selected stock of

MEDICINES

and

CHEMICALS,

Paints, Oils and Varnishes,

PARLOR AND KITCHEN LAMPS,

FLUID, OILS, &c.

Toilet and Fancy Articles,

Patent Preparations and Specified

to be found in market. Together with a full and varied

stock of

GROCERIES,

WINE AND LIQUORS

for medicinal purposes,

SPICES, FLAVORING EXTRACTS,

FRUITS AND FIXINGS

for Family Use.

Window Glass,

GLASS WARE,

Kerosene and Machine Oils, &c.

All of which we will sell at prices to correspond with

the reductions to which the laborers and producers of the

country are now compelled to submit.

We will sell all kinds of

MEDICINES

CHEMICALS, PREPARATIONS AND PRESCRIPTIONS,

PAINTS, OILS, &c. BROWN AND REFINED

SUGARS, STREPS, SPICES, SALT,

coarse and fine, FISH, FLOUR, &c.

LOWER

than any other house in Janesville, for the same quality

and style of goods, and at prices that will compare

favorably with those of our competitors.

Deliver Them Free of Charge

to customers in town, or to the railroad depot for such

as will send them by rail. Our

DRUG AND TEA STORE, near the Ford House, Janesville.

As well as many other articles in which we deal, have

become indispensable to all families that use them. To

secure the best quality of goods, we refer our new customers

to the quality of our goods, their prices, and our way of doing business.

A. PALMER & SON,

DRUG AND TEA STORE, near the Ford House, Janesville.

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sell all kinds of

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DAILY GAZETTE.

From Western Virginia.

GREAT MOUNTAIN SUMMIT, Sept. 28.

When I wrote you yesterday, I attempted

to give you a description of two regiments

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Forever float that standard sheet!
Where breathes the foe but falls before us?
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

Republican Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
L. P. HARVEY,
OF Milwaukee.
FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,
EDWARD SALOMON,
OF Milwaukee.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
JAMES T. LEWIS,
OF Columbia.
FOR STATE TREASURER,
SAMUEL D. HASTINGS,
OF Thompson.
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
JAMES H. HOWE,
OF Brown.
FOR BANK COMPTROLLER,
WM. H. RAMSAY,
OF Okauchee.
FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
JOHN L. PICKARD,
OF Wisconsin.
FOR PRISON COMMISSIONER,
ALEXANDER P. HODGES,
OF Wisconsin.

County Convention.

The Republican and all other electors of Rock county who are in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war in defense of the Union, are invited to meet in convention, by their delegates, at the Court House in Janesville, on WEDNESDAY, the 23rd day of October last, to nominate candidates for County Officers. Each town and ward will be entitled to the same number of delegates respectively, as in the last previous county convention.

Chairman of Rep. County Com.
J. N. DRANS, JR.
Of Dem. County Com.

Fifth Assembly District Convention.

The Republicans of the Fifth Assembly District comprising the city of Janesville, will meet in convention, by their delegates, on THURSDAY, the 23rd day of October, A. D. 1861, at 7 o'clock P. M., at the Court House, to nominate a candidate for member of the Assembly from this district and to be supported at the coming election. The several wards in this city will be entitled to the following number of delegates in said assembly district convention, under the apportionment of the city committee, to wit:

First Ward, 3 Third Ward, 4
Second Ward, 4 Fourth Ward, 4

We recommend the several ward committees to call the ward conventions, to elect such delegates, on the 19th day of October, 1861, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the places where the last elections were held, in several wards.

N. F. LUDWIG, District Com.
S. FORD, Jr.,

The Eighth Wisconsin Regiment.

The Eighth Wisconsin Regiment, which arrived at St. Louis on Monday, is already on duty. Five companies were sent, on Tuesday, to the scene of the recent bridge burning over Big river, on the Iron Mountain railroad, about fifty miles from St. Louis. The other half of the regiment was under orders to leave St. Louis the next day, Wednesday, probably for the same place. It is evident that Gen. Curtis considered the gallant Eighth "ready for business," as they are.

Proclamations of Martial Law.

There is a disposition among a certain conservative class of writers, to undervalue all proclamations of martial law; especially those which, like Fremont's, interfere with the divine institution of slavery. These objectors say that a proclamation of emancipation, even in a special case like that of Missouri, ought not to be issued, because it was not backed up by military power throughout the state.

This objection, if it is of any value, would condemn all proclamations of martial law, no matter what the terms of them may be. It is military necessity which gives vitality to martial law, in all cases. If, in the judgment of the commander in any department, he is unable to put down anarchy and sustain the power of the government he represents, while the civil law exists, he has authority to proclaim martial law. His army, or the state, must be in imminent danger of overthrow, or he would not be authorized to take upon himself the absolute power which martial law confers. Manifestly in such a condition of things as this, he cannot be certain that he will be able to sustain his proclamation. It is the doubt in the case that makes that sort of document necessary and proper. Hence, if he is sure that he can put down his enemy he cannot proclaim martial law. And if the theory of the objectors we have spoken of is true that no proclamation of emancipation, or of any other penalty, (which can alone come from martial law), is of any value, unless it is sure to be carried out in the whole state, it must end all attempts at putting down the rebellion.

We believe, however, that the theory of these objectors to Fremont's proclamation is false. The general need not have the power to enforce his proclamation over every foot of territory embraced in it; but he can begin in a portion of it, and carry forward his authority with the advance of his army, and by confiscation of property, conferring freedom to the slave, and destroying the lives of the rebels, he can be enabled to give peace to the state; then his mission ends, and martial law ceases.

This we believe to be the true theory of martial law, and we can see no valid objection to it, whether it takes the slave from the master, or property of any kind from the possession of the rebel. It is the business of the commanding general to conquer the enemy, if every thing, even the life, of that enemy, is sacrificed. And martial law is only a short road to the attainment of that object.

The following account of the arrest of the secession members of the Maryland legislature, by the Wisconsin 3d, under command of Col. Ruger, of this city, though the events described happened a month since, will be read with interest by the friends of the regiment. It is taken from the correspondence of La Crosse Republican:

CAMP BANKS, FREDERICK, Md., Sept. 14th, 1861.

After visiting almost every other portion of this state, we find ourselves in the quaint old city of Frederick. We received orders late in the afternoon of last Thursday to march, and within an hour's time were on the move for this point. The first evening we marched four miles, and camped near a place called Germantown. And by the by, these Maryland towns are not always as large as their names would seem to indicate; and in this instance the town consisted of cross roads and a single log house, the owners of which dispense the usual commodities of a large city almost equal to some of our Mississippi river towns. Our camp was on land owned by, and near the residence of a widow lady, who kindly invited the officers to supper, which invitation we gladly availed ourselves of, for I can assure you that getting up a supper after the fatigues of a long march is no small matter, especially when, as in our case, the mess wagon was two miles in the rear, with the mules hopelessly mired in a mud hole, compared with which, the Slough of Despond of Bunyan was a McAdams road. We set down to a bountiful supper. One of Maryland's fair daughters presided, thereby imparting to the meal a zest not at all necessary for a set of hungry soldiers.

Friday morning early the sound of the reveille woke us from dreams of home to the toils of the march. Col. Ruger intended to make two marches of the remaining distance, twenty-four miles, but about noon he received orders to push on to Frederick that night, if possible, and so through the long hours of that hot Friday, with occasional brief intervals of rest, our boys plodded wearily on, and when at four o'clock the Colonel ordered a halt for the purpose of giving time for our baggage train to come up, and the men opportunity to get supper and a cup of hot coffee, most of the regiment called out loudly to be led on—a rumor having reached us that the bridge over the Monocacy was burned that morning by the rebels—thus forgetting fatigue and the intervening six miles in their eagerness for the fray. The last six miles were made in little more than two hours, and the last two by moonlight I never shall forget. Before a thousand men in close column with their steady tramp, tramp, their bayonets gleaming brightly in the pale light of the moon, as we were after we had passed on over hill and down dale, behind, as the long line of ambulances and wagons, their huge white covers looking in the distance like a moving town—while borne on the night air, the Star Spangled Banner and other national hymns swelled from a thousand throats, animating the tired soldiers until the "slow step" became the "quick," and every footstep seemed to say defiantly—

"The Star Spangled Banner long in triumph shall wave,
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave."

We entered Frederick in triumph, banners flying and drums beating—and a more cordial, enthusiastic welcome is seldom extended to a body of men than greeted us that night. The street through which we passed was densely packed with people from the curb stone to the wall. Every tree, fence and lamp post was festooned with young America in full glory. Shouts of welcome met our advancing line, and our hearts glow with emotions which we but long ago were strangers. We had long been among those who had looked scornfully upon us as the enslavers of their state, (that is the way the peace folks down here put the question), and this cordial welcome, not only from the wags, but the daughters of Maryland, who from every window and balcony waved good cheer to the gallant third—not ashamed or afraid to let their "secess" neighbors witness their love for the Union and appreciation of its brave defenders—all this, I say, made us think of home, and assured us that we were yet in the United States and among friends and brothers.

We found that the rumor of rebels burning bridges, &c., was not true, and that the reason of our forced march was to prevent any combinations being carried into effect, by the rebels of this state, on the eve of the meeting of the legislature, with the avowed purpose of passing an ordinance of secession, if the people would let them.

On Tuesday, our regiment, under the command of Col. Ruger, arrested the members of the legislature, with their clerks, &c., that voted for or approved of the report and resolutions of the joint committee of the legislature, known here as the Wallis report, and sent them under the charge of Adj. Bertram, a strong guard to Annapolis. We went with them on duty, and only returned last night, but having a detailed account of the part taken by Col. Ruger and our regiment in this affair, more important in its effects upon Maryland than the gaining of a battle.

For sometime past the rebel forces in Virginia, under Johnson, have been gradually accumulating near Leesburg and from evidence since obtained it is known that there was an understanding between that leader and the secess members of our legislature (I involuntarily call them out; for from their virtues they remind me very much of similar bodies in Wisconsin), that they should assemble here and pass an ordinance of secession, and invite the aid of the rebels in driving from the state "Lincoln's minions." Knowing, or at least suspecting this design, the arrest of every member of the legislature who voted for Wallis' treasonable report, was determined upon, and Gen. Banks was ordered to detail a regiment for that delicate duty. Ours was selected, and we certainly regard it as the highest compliment that Gen. Banks could have paid our colonel and regiment, in assigning to us the work; although it placed us where there might be much peril, and was sure to be much responsibility.—The peril was to be met promptly, and at the same time not to outrage or disgust by an unnecessary display of military power, or the presence of a drunken, licentious soldiery, the feelings of the conservative men of this part of the state.

Last Night's Report.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16. All was quiet down the Potomac and down the river. The day department still discussed the reported engagement at New Orleans, especially the story of Hollins. A scout who has just returned reports that there are 30,000 rebels near Aquia Creek. The steamer Mount Vernon passed the Shipping Point battery this morning unharmed, but the batteries, following soon after, was fired on. There were 20 or 30 shots from the rebel battery, to which, according to orders, they did not reply. Both vessels got up safely. From Upton's Hill to-day, a large rebel force of cavalry and infantry was seen on the Leesburg turnpike, four miles from Ball's Churn; 23 army wagons accompanied them, and the supposition is they were on a foraging expedition.

New York, Oct. 16. The Express states that the following vessels have sailed: U. S. frigate Wabash, U. S. gunboats Florida, Augusta, Janes, Alger, Unadilla, Ottawa and Seneca. The above vessels comprise the fleet that has been lying off the battery the last week. The Powhatan is still anchored, but will probably get off to-night.

St. Louis, Oct. 16. A majority of the leading commission merchants here, have agreed that all their sales shall be for coin, or its equivalent, after Monday.

The bank war is waxing warm; they are fighting among themselves. To-day, the Merchants took out the Mechanics; tomorrow the Mechanics will probably retaliate.

A letter from Cape Girardeau, of the 15th, says a scout reports large bodies of rebels in the neighborhood of Jackson, 12 miles from the Cape. It is believed an attack on the Cape would be made within ten days. Our boys are ready to meet it.

The Democrat's correspondent at Jefferson City, says Price's robbers are believed to have abandoned Linn Creek, but it is not known whether they have executed their threat to burn the town, made some days ago.

All quiet at the capital. The only business being done seemed to be the getting forward of substance for the army. The letter closes, saying: "Advises just received indicate that there will be a battle soon. Without being permitted to give facts on which this assertion is based, I may say the present week will probably witness startling events."

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 16. Indiana disputes the statement that New Hampshire is the first state that has her full quota of volunteers in actual service. Indiana, whose quota is 34,000, has thirty-two regiments of infantry, of one thousand and forty-eight men each; one regiment of cavalry, being fourteen companies, 1,153 men; three batteries of artillery, of 156 men each, and one of 140 men making an aggregate of 35,351 men in actual service. In addition to this, there are six regiments for the field as soon as arms can be procured, and sixteen more organized and rapidly filling up.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16. The Indian agent for New Mexico has just arrived here, direct from that territory. Previous to his departure, all the principal men of the Navajo Indians came to Santa Fe, and made a treaty of peace with the government, with the exception of those of Arizona, where a small force of Texas have possession through the treachery of Colonel Loring.

The federal force there, under Col. Canby, who commands that military department, is from 1200 to 1500, while the people have raised three full regiments. Mr. Stock reports the people as loyal to a man.

The object of the rebels is represented as being to seize the government stores, rather than to conquer the country. There were no disturbances on the plains—and when Mr. Stock was passing over them, the Indians were in the best possible humor, from the fact of their lately receiving presents and annuities.

DANESTOWN, Oct. 16. A federal soldier, just escaped from the rebels, reports no large body of the enemy between Great Falls and Leesburg. Two Mississippi regiments had mutinied and left. Small rebel forces are at Winchester, Martinsburg, Sheperdstown and Hancock. All quiet on the Potomac.

St. Louis, Oct. 16. The federal soldiers captured by the rebels at Big River bridge, arrived here this morning. They state that the attack was made about daylight yesterday morning. The rebels came close up to the Illinoisans (of the Normal regiment), with the design of disarming them before resistance could be made. The latter, however, seized their muskets, discharged them, reloaded and fired with all possible rapidity, many of the attacking party falling as they approached. Many too close pressed to land, made a stout defense with the bayonet. The defenders of the bridge were finally hemmed in and captured, and the rebels burned the bridge thoroughly.

The rebels were commanded by Jeff. Thompson, who said he had 5,000 mounted men in the vicinity, and by burning the bridge he would cut off communication between St. Louis and Pilot Knob, and the latter in due time would be taken, as well as all the detachments of federal troops at intervening bridges and stations. He disarmed the federals and released them on parole, and then went off with his command, our informant thinks, to burn another bridge, twenty miles below. The loss of the Illinoisians was one killed and two or three wounded, one of the wounded being Capt. Elliot, who was in command. The rebel loss is estimated at twenty killed and wounded. Some of the soldiers put the rebels attacking at 600, and others 1,500. Jeff. Thompson approached the bridge from the north, showing that he had made a wide circuit of the country to avoid detection. An attack on Pilot Knob is hourly expected, and the city this evening is full of wild rumors, too absurd to send you. Several Indians are said to have been in the ranks of the rebels.

To-Day's Report.

(Reported Exclusively for the Daily Gazette.)

AFTERNOON DESPATCHES. JEFFERSON CITY, Oct. 16. A scout arrived here to-night and reports Price's army on Sunday, at Clintonville, Cedar county, which is twenty-five miles south of Rapidville, on the Carthage road. The whole army had effected the passage of the Osage, and are still in full retreat.

ROLLA, Mo., Oct. 16. Thirty-one more of our wounded soldiers arrived from Springfield yesterday. These men report that a sharp skirmish took place Monday morning, twenty miles this side of Lebanon, between two companies of mounted men belonging to Major Wright's battalion, attached to Gen. Wyman's command, and some 130 rebel cavalry. Major Wright surprised the rebels by an attack in the rear, and completely routed them, killing about thirty and taking the same number of prisoners. Major Wright's loss

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The rebels were commanded by Jeff. Thompson, who said he had 5,000 mounted men in the vicinity, and by burning the bridge he would cut off communication between St. Louis and Pilot Knob, and the latter in due time would be taken, as well as all the detachments of federal troops at intervening bridges and stations. He disarmed the federals and released them on parole, and then went off with his command, our informant thinks, to burn another bridge, twenty miles below. The loss of the Illinoisians was one killed and two or three wounded, one of the wounded being Capt. Elliot, who was in command. The rebel loss is estimated at twenty killed and wounded. Some of the soldiers put the rebels attacking at 600, and others 1,500. Jeff. Thompson approached the bridge from the north, showing that he had made a wide circuit of the country to avoid detection. An attack on Pilot Knob is hourly expected, and the city this evening is full of wild rumors, too absurd to send you. Several Indians are said to have been in the ranks of the rebels.

To-Day's Report.

(Reported Exclusively for the Daily Gazette.)

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ROLLA, Mo., Oct. 16. Thirty-one more of our wounded soldiers arrived from Springfield yesterday. These men report that a sharp skirmish took place Monday morning, twenty miles this side of Lebanon, between two companies of mounted men belonging to Major Wright's battalion, attached to Gen. Wyman's command, and some 130 rebel cavalry. Major Wright surprised the rebels by an attack in the rear, and completely routed them, killing about thirty and taking the same number of prisoners. Major Wright's loss

Last Night's Report.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16. All was quiet down the Potomac and down the river. The day department still discussed the reported engagement at New Orleans, especially the story of Hollins. A scout who has just returned reports that there are 30,000 rebels near Aquia Creek. The steamer Mount Vernon passed the Shipping Point battery this morning unharmed, but the batteries, following soon after, was fired on. There were 20 or 30 shots from the rebel battery, to which, according to orders, they did not reply. Both vessels got up safely. From Upton's Hill to-day, a large rebel force of cavalry and infantry was seen on the Leesburg turnpike, four miles from Ball's Churn; 23 army wagons accompanied them, and the supposition is they were on a foraging expedition.

New York, Oct. 16. The Express states that the following vessels have sailed: U. S. frigate Wabash, U. S. gunboats Florida, Augusta, Janes, Alger, Unadilla, Ottawa and Seneca. The above vessels comprise the fleet that has been lying off the battery the last week. The Powhatan is still anchored, but will probably get off to-night.

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LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.
At the Janesville Post Office, from and after May 8th, 1861.

City, through, way.	Arrive.	Close.	Depart.
Chicago, through, way.	10:30 P.M.	11:00 P.M.	11:10 P.M.
Chicago, through, way.	10:30 P.M.	11:00 P.M.	11:10 P.M.
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Ward Canvases.

FIRST WARD.
The Republican electors of the First Ward will meet at Washington Magna House, N. E. on SATURDAY, the 10th day of October, at 2 o'clock P. M., to choose delegates to the County Convention, and the usual number to attend the County Convention, to be held respectively on the 22d and 23d inst.

S. J. BEYTON,
WM. B. STONE,
W. ROBINSON.

SECOND WARD.
The Republican electors of the Second Ward will meet at the House of Water Works, Eugene Company, No. 2 on SATURDAY, the 10th day of October, at 2 o'clock P. M., to choose delegates to the County Convention, and the usual number to attend the County Convention, to be held respectively on the 22d and 23d inst.

A. S. JOHNSON,
H. M. JACKMAN.

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The Republican electors of the Third Ward will meet at the house of J. W. Smith, on SATURDAY, the 10th day of October, 1861, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of choosing delegates to the County Convention, and the usual number to attend the County Convention, to be held respectively on the 22d and 23d inst.

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FOURTH WARD.
The Republican electors of the Fourth Ward will meet at the office of J. W. Smith, on SATURDAY, the 10th day of October, 1861, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of choosing delegates to the County Convention, and the usual number to attend the County Convention, to be held respectively on the 22d and 23d inst.

A. S. JOHNSON,
H. M. JACKMAN.

The Irish Brigade—Seventeenth Regiment Wisconsin Volunteers.

Irishmen, and sons of Irishmen, rally forth for your country's good, now that authority has been granted by Gov. Randall to raise an Irish regiment, to be known as above. The regiment will be commanded by officers in every way competent to assume so important a duty.

Those desirous of enlisting in an exclusive Irish regiment will now have an opportunity. One of the greatest advantages of our countrymen going together is, that a chaplain of their own faith will accompany them. Major McMahon, of Watertown, exceedingly popular throughout the state, is at present in command, and reports four companies full.

For further particulars enquire at the recruiting office, Milwaukee street.

EDWARD McKEE,
JOHN W. ALLEN,
WILLIAM ADDY,
THOS. THORNTON.

Reynolds' shoe store will open on Saturday, Oct. 19th.

Tredway Rifles.—This is the name of a company of volunteers forming at Milton for the 13th regiment. They visited Camp Tredway on Wednesday, and while in this city elected Pliny Norcross their captain. Capt. Norcross was in the first regiment during its campaign in Virginia, and thus has the advantage of having seen service. He will make a capable and energetic officer. The Tredway Rifles already number about sixty good able bodied young men, and will return to Milton to recruit their full number.

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New Store and New Goods.—Messrs. Jordan & Leach present our readers with an advertisement of their fine stock of goods. They are all new and the proprietors claim a share of patronage. We have no doubt they will make it for the interest of those wanting anything in their line to call on them.

O. K.—The old and reliable house of O. K. Bennett presents a list of staple and fancy dry goods, crockery, &c., in today's paper. By calling at his store you will have an opportunity to secure good bargains.

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Accident on C. & N. W. Railway.—The freight train which arrives here at 4:20 p. m., was behind time yesterday p. m., and while the train was standing on the main track at Milton Junction, it was backed into by a gravel train and one man named Patrick Case, was killed, and another will probably die; six others are injured.

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A Queen Place to Secure Rental Documents.—This is a bill of exchange here but they know it is in Norfolk, the same day, and to show conclusively how it is done, I will relate a circumstance which happened this morning while some of the ladies of society were waiting for the true-bait to go over to Dixie. As the assistant provost marshal was holding a child of a few months of age in his arms, while its darling mother was opening her trunk to be searched, he felt something peculiar in a portion of its unmentionable clothing. After a little natural hesitation, he felt in the place indicated, and found that letters were secreted therein. He did not, however, let his secret be known until the trunk were all searched, and the pretty lady felt sure that all was right. But, alas for her! the gentlemanly marshal requested her to remove a portion of the child's clothing. Her face flushed, and she tremblingly obeyed; when, lo! a large package of letters was exposed to his gaze. They were taken to the office and opened, and several of them contained checks and drafts, while others were filled with valuable information concerning the movements of our forces. Of course the letters were detained, and the lady ordered to remain here for the present.—Letter from Fort Monroe.

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Among the recent decisions at the general term of the supreme court of the Albany (N. Y.) district, was one in favor of Mr. J. Sensbury against Bradford O. Wait, for seven years' subscription to the Catskill Recorder and Democrat. The decision was in favor of the publisher, and the judgments and costs, we understand, amount to between two and three hundred dollars.

Correspondence of the Daily Gazette.

From the Eighth Regiment.
CAMP BENTON, St. Louis, Mo.,
Oct. 15th, 1861.

MEETING EDITORS.—We arrived in St. Louis on Sunday evening at 9 o'clock, and crossed the river on Monday morning at 7 o'clock. The regiment was drawn up in line of battle on the levee, and presented a fine appearance. We were then marched up through the city, stopping in front of Barnum's Hotel, where Hon. Simon Cameron, secretary of war, addressed the soldiers of the eighth with a patriotic speech, telling us he was happy to meet the flower of Wisconsin in St. Louis. He said Wisconsin had reason to be proud of such men as stood before him there.

After listening to his speech we were marched about a mile through the streets, and then each man had a cup of coffee and a piece of bread sent out to him. They all partook of it with a will. In St. Louis we met with the greatest reception I ever saw by the citizens. It was a perfect ovation. From one end of the city to the other the women (God bless them,) and the little girls and boys showered upon us bouquets, and threw kisses at the men, waved flags, handkerchiefs and showed the greatest Union feeling. Throughout some of the streets in which we passed it was perfectly clouded with flags, and everybody hallooing out, "Good for Wisconsin." We are glad you have come. A great many would ask how many regiments there were. I think the people here have not been used to seeing such large regiments as ours is. We passed quite a number of fortifications on the northern side of the city, on our way to camp. I should think we could give the seceders a good turn should they drop in just now. Our pickets extend out some fifteen miles from camp. We have a splendid encampment here, about two miles in length and half a mile wide. There are 2,200 cavalry and several batteries of artillery here now. We are in barracks here, and very good ones. The ground is an oval shape and in good condition for drilling. I look a little more like war here than it does in Camp Randall.

The long string of army wagons and the big guns in and around the place look like war. By what I can hear we will soon leave here for the scene of action. We are better armed and equipped than any other regiment on the ground, and they say such are sent forward at once. We are ready for them. We draw a great crowd around our quarters, and I think, to-night when we come out on dress parade, we will take them all, for we are the only regiment that is entirely armed here, I believe. We have forty thousand round ball cartridge here for our regiment, and ready to use them.

My wife and child are here in camp with me and seem to enjoy the fun as the little girl terms it. Quite a number of the men are sick from drinking the water here, myself among the rest. I spent a tough night last night, I will assure you, and am not well now. Stickney's hand that got shot in Madison, is very painful to him. The weather is very hot here. Many of the men gave out yesterday on the tramp, but the most are all right this morning. The trees are green here and it is quite like summer. If this is a secess place it is a pretty good kind of secess. Our barracks are capable of accommodating 30,000 men, so you can imagine what they are calculating to do around here. General Curtis is commanding the post at present.

Judge Noggle and Gov. Barstow are here and William Hayes is stopping with us at present. I saw Nat. Harsh yesterday in St. Louis. They say there are some 25,000 troops in and around the city, but it is hard to estimate the number unless you should undertake to count them, and that would be quite a job, for I cannot look in any direction but what I can see soldiers.

I will try to keep you informed about our movements. There is a rumor here that the Seventh has been ordered to join us. I hope they will get a brigade of Wisconsin troops here soon.

I must now close by thanking the good people of Janesville for the abundant supply of vegetables furnished us on Saturday last. Hoping to receive a copy of your paper occasionally.

I am yours with great respect,
W. B. BRITTON,
Co. G, 8th Reg. W. V.

P. S.—We are off for the wars. The right wing leaves here at 3 p. m.; the left wing at 9 a. m.; to-morrow. We are ordered to provide ourselves with five days rations. Our destination is not known.

W. B. B.

Reynolds' shoe store will open on Saturday, Oct. 19th.

Who beat at the first game of Pharo?—Moses.

COMMERCIAL.

Janesville Wholesale Market.

Reported for the Janesville Gazette, BUMP & GRAY, GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, October 17, 1861.
We continue to attend to the following: WHEAT—good to choice, milling, spring 98 1/2; fair to good shipping grades, rejected 98 1/2. CORN—1861s per 60 lb. shelled, and 14 1/2 lb per 72 lb, 60c. OATS—good to choice at 14 1/2 lb per bushel. RYE—in good request at 20 1/2 lb per 60 lb. BARLEY—good to choice at 20 1/2 lb per 60 lb, for common. TIMOTHY STRAW—in fair demand at 1 1/2 lb per 37 1/2 lb per 40 lb. PUTNUTS—new 12 1/2 lb per bushel. BUTTER—plenty at 10 1/2 lb per 56 lb choice roll. EGGS—choice sale at 7 1/2 lb per dozen. WOOD—wanted at 10 1/2 lb per 40 lb choice chips. HICKS—green, advanced to 6 1/2 lb per 40 lb. FLOUR—40 lb at retail 35c, per lb 8c. POULTRY—live and turkeys, 6 1/2 lb; chickens, 5 1/2 lb. SHEEP PRICES—range from 20c to 30c each.

NOTICE.

Notice to the fact that under the present deplorable state of the country, all kinds of merchandise among the manufacturers and importers are held for cash, and after this date, hold on for cash exclusively for cash. All persons purchasing goods at our establishment, will be required to pay for the same at the time of purchase as is notified that their account is due any day the bill is presented.

SMITH & BOSTWICK.

450 CASES AND 450 BALES

NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED BY
McKEE & BRO.,
within the last 15 days! All of which are now
Opened, Marked and Ready for Sale.

AMONG them are the following:
100 CASES OF PRINTS,
containing 100,000 yards, consisting of Phillip Allen's, Wamanta and American Print Works, being the finest stock of New York Jobber, any all new Fall Styles, which, notwithstanding the advance on all Cotton Goods, we will sell until disposed of at 10c per yard, except Janesville, at 10c per yard.

25,000 yards Madras Prints, at 1/2c per yard, worth 10c.
10,000 yards good Madras Prints, at 20 yards for one dollar—only 5 cents per yard, worth 10 cents per yard.
3,500 yards Fancy Figured Delaines, at 1 shilling per yard.
4,500 yards best French and American Delaines, at 20 cents per yard. Sold in every city of the United States, except Janesville, at 10c per yard.
10,000 yards of various styles of

DRESS GOODS!
Latest Importations, averaging from 12 1/2c up to 15c. Small white and black Plaids, so much worn in place, just received. Also Fancy Plaids, so much called for.
300 pieces plain and fancy Madras, all shades; having been purchased at auction, we can afford to sell them for less than cost of importation.
200 pieces all wool Delaines, bought at above, at 31 cents only, but well worth 50 cents per yard.

25 Pieces Lady's Cloth,
fine black and beaver, the latest style for cloaks, also all shawls to match.
1000 yards brown Factory, at 6 pence per yard.
250 yards full yard wide Shetland, at 8 cents per yard.
20 yards good, heavy, yard wide Brown Shetlands, at 10 cents.
We have more than our usual stock of

CANTON FLANNELS,
Tickings, Drilling, Stripes, Wool Flannel in any quantity, Table Cloths, and general stock of Towelings, Napkins, Brown Linens, Pocket Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

25 Pieces Black Italian Silk,
Just from Auction, at 75 cents per yard. We purchased at one Bankrupt Sale in New York, for not cash.

OVER 1,000 SHAWLS!
consisting of Square and Long Breche Shawls, Wool do, Stollas, and almost all styles in market. We call particular attention to our stock of

CHAIN LAIN SHAWLS,
which we will sell at about half the usual price. For instance, we sell at 30c the same style that we asked \$40 for last year.
1,000 pieces assorted fancy

HARRIS AND FRENCH CASSIMERES,
SATINETTS AND KENTUCKY JEANS,
at a Great Reduction; with the largest stock of

Ready-Made Clothing
in the state. French, English and German fine and coarse

Cloths, Vestings, &c.,
which we will

MANUFACTURE TO ORDER
or sell by the yard or piece. Persons purchasing cloth can have the same cut and trimmed at our Clothing Department.

We will now say, in conclusion, to the rich and poor, old and young, that

McKEE & BRO.
will not be undersold by any firm in the United States. Don't be deceived by the false signs, but come to the store of McKee & Bro's when you will see more goods than the combined stocks of the world's large stores of this city.

To meet the wants of our increasing trade, we are now enlarging our store, which, when completed, will compare in size with any of New York City. The new addition will be completed in 30 days from date, making the size of our store 47 by 106 feet, enabling us to do all our wholesale and retail business on the ground floor. Respectfully Submitted,
McKEE & BRO.,
East side Main St., Janesville, Wis., sign of the double-headed eagle.
Janesville, October 14, 1861. oct14dtf

NEW GOODS!

WHEELLOCK'S

JUST RECEIVED, a Splendid Assortment of

CROCKERY,

consisting of a great variety of

White Iron Stone China,

the best in the New York market, and latest styles. Full stock of

Also, a fine assortment of

FRENCH CHINA WARE,
Tea and Plain in sets and to match from a large assortment of

GLASSWARE,
Pressed and Cut, Plain and Fancy. Splendid lot of

Kerosene Lamps,
will be sold very low

HANG LAMPS, SIDE LAMPS, &c., &c.

KEROSENE LANTERNS,
something new. Also,

OIL AND FLUID LANTERNS,
good choice,

LAMP CHIMNEYS, SHADES, &c.
Fine assortment of

Looking Glasses,
TEA TRAYS, CASTORS AND CRUSERS, TABLE CUTLERY, DESERT KNIVES, RUBBER HANDLES, NEW PATTERNS OF FORKS AND SPOONS, RUBBER SPOONS, &c.

These goods were bought very low of Importers and Manufacturers only, and will

Be sold Cheap.

Call and see if these things are not so, at
WHEELLOCK'S,
MAIN STREET, Janesville, Wis. oct14dtf

MILITARY SUITS!

McKEE & BRO.,
HAYNE now in stock a full and complete assortment suitable for

Military Clothing,
consisting of double width

BLUE DOESKIN
quite a new article for Military Coats, as it will not nap and altogether used in New York city.

Service Shoulder Straps
and all trimmings to match. Our cutter, **M. O'BRIEN,** is a master at his business, having cut the New York and Boston thousands of garments for almost every grade of soldier.

CADET CLOTH,
For Fatigue Dresses, also on hand. Officers wishing uniforms will do well to examine our stock before leaving orders elsewhere.
McKEE & BRO.,
Janesville, Oct. 8th, 1861. oct8dtf

Interesting to Housekeepers.
The Right Thing Has Come.
Clean your Feathers of all Dirt & Bad Smell
An injury. M. J. Cross proposes to do without the least delay, to renovate the old and new of the Janesville, that he can take their Feathers and clean them, and return them the same day. All orders addressed to post office box 123 will receive prompt attention. Town and county rights for sale.
Janesville, O. 10th, 1861. oct10dtf

BEN BORNHEIM

Peoples' Friend.
The Season for the purchase of

Fall and Winter Goods

has arrived, and with it, at
BEN. BORNHEIM'S
CLOTHING EMPORIUM,
Myers' Block,
Main Street, - Janesville, Wis.,

MAY now be found the most magnificent stock of
CLOTHING!
ever brought to the city. Not only this, but it is the

CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT
that was ever piled together upon the shelves of any store room in the state. His facilities for purchasing goods are

BETTER
than those of any other man in the state, so that he

CAN AND WILL
sell Clothing at a

Lower Figure and a Smaller Profit
than any other establishment in our midst.

Other Cheap Concerns
may "crack their cheeks" with their blowing, and make themselves hoarse to a noisy world, with post-call quotations, but as for Ben. Bornheim, he talks to

SENSIBLE PEOPLE,
and sells to them, at the

Smallest Profit,
the

BEST KIND OF CLOTHING
at the most

Reasonable Rates.
His present stock of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING
consists of a splendid variety of

Beaver Overcoats,
Business Coats,
Black, Brown and Blue

Broadcloth Coats.
Also, of the finest kind of

Paints, Vests, Hats & Caps,
with

FURNISHING GOODS,
consisting of any number of

SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
CRAVATS,

BUCKSKIN GLOVES & MITTENS,
and all other articles necessary for the most

Complete & Perfect Outfit
that any gentleman may need or desire. His

Manufacturing Department
is as well supplied as any other similar one in the west, and he has in his employ a cutter who

Never Fails to Fit,
and who in his skill and taste cannot be surpassed in the city. Come then to the

CHEAPEST CLOTHING STORE
in Janesville.

DON'T SQUANDER YOUR MONEY.
Don't be deceived by the

GASSING PROPHECIES
of others, but come where your

INTERESTS WILL BE ADVANCED,
and where

Square & Fair Dealing
is the watchword.

BEN. BORNHEIM,
MYERS' BLOCK,
LAST SIDE MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

New Stock
OF
BOOTS AND SHOES!
JUST RECEIVED BY

James Hutson,
Next Door to McKee & Bro's,
Main Street, - Janesville.

WHERE he may be found ready to repair the understanding of all such as are for the want of

Good Soles
for the Union. He has the best stock of

BOOTS & SHOES
ever offered in this city, which he will sell at prices correspond with the times, and

Will Warrant Them
to all purchasers who will call, and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere. His stock is

NEW AND FRESH,
consisting of every variety of Gent's Custom made Calf and Kip Boots and Shoes. Also a large assortment of

GENT'S GAITERS
of every description.

Ladies' Misses' and Children's Gaiters,
Polka Boots, Booties, Slips and Cakes,

Boys' Boots and Shoes,
in great variety.

Every style and quality.
Having selected this stock with great care, he can warrant it of the best material, and made by the best workmen, and at the lowest price.

Grateful for past patronage, he respectfully solicits a call from his old customers, and he can assure all who are disposed to call, that no establishment in the west can cut out him, either in price, quality or style.

Particular attention will be paid to Custom Work. He keeps none but the best workmen, and all kinds of work done promptly and at short notice.

REPAIRING DONE WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH.

For reference to the durability of his work, he refers to his former customers, the citizens of Rock county.

N. B.—Don't forget the old Store, one corner south of McKee & Bro's, Main street. JAMES HUTSON, Janesville, Wis., June 8th, 1861. jeld8dtf

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS.
WE have, in addition to our stock of Drugs, Medicines, &c., a complete assortment of

Pure Old Wines and Liquors!
of all kinds, which we keep only for Medicinal Purposes and for the use of those who know that no information can be so well secured to the stomach as by the use of pure wine.

Among these are some of the very best brands of

Pale and Dark French Brandy.
Blackberry Brandy.

Holland Gin.
St. Croix Rum.

Old Rye Whisky.
Maderia, Port, Malaga, Sherry and Currant Wines, &c.

Our prices will always be as low as a pure article of the kind can be afforded.

A. PALMER & SON,
Drug and Tea Store, West Milwaukee St.
Janesville, September 8th, 1861. sep8dtf

ROCK COUNTY BANK,
Janesville, Wisconsin.
Directors: J. B. CROSBY,
T. JACKMAN, J. J. PEARSE,
M. S. FITCH, JESSE MILES.

Particular attention paid to collections.

Right drafts on the principal cities of the United States.

Will purchase Notes, Drafts, Certificates of Deposits, and sell and Gold and Silver at the usual rates.

J. B. CROSBY, Cashier.

Pay Up!
THE Accounts of Dr. Palmer being left in my hands for collection, all indebted with please call and settle without delay.
Janesville, Oct. 11, 1861. oct11dtf

WARRANTED DEEDS FOR SALE

NO COMPROMISE!

Every Avenue Completely Blockaded.

The Old Credit System Shut In.

CASH VICTORIOUS!

Immense Arrivals
or
FALL & WINTER MERCHANDISE
AT THE

New York Cash Store!
SMITH & BOSTWICK,
PROPRIETORS.

THE largest stock received in the last two weeks ever before received by us at any one purchase. We have now on hand, in our two stores connected, the most magnificent

STOCK OF MERCHANDISE
to be found in the state, all of which we shall sell for

at prices that will defy all competition in the state. Having bought all of our

DOMESTICS
in July and August, before the great rise in the eastern markets, with very few exceptions, we shall sell our entire stock of Domestic at old prices, which will be at least

THIRTY PER CENT CHEAPER
than they can be bought for at the present time of the season.

Good Brown Shetland at 9 cents.
Very Heavy " " at 10
Splendid Delaines, one shilling.
Best made " " 20 cents.
Our entire stock of fast colored best prints at 9 cents, 15 yards bleached sheetings for 25c.

BLEACHED GOODS, STRIPES, CHECKS, TICKS, DENIMS, KENTUCKY JEANS,
and all kinds of

DOMESTICS
at

Old Prices!
Having bought a very large stock of these goods before the rise in the eastern markets, we shall give our customers the benefit of

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Arrival and Departure of Mails
At the Janesville Post Office, from and after May 15th, 1861.

Arrive.	Close.	Depart.
Chicago, through, 12:30 P. M.	6:30 A. M.	7:30 A. M.
Madison, through, 12:30 P. M.	6:30 A. M.	7:30 A. M.
Onondago and way, 2:40 P. M.	12:30 P. M.	1:45 P. M.
Milwaukee, through, 1:45 P. M.	12:30 P. M.	1:45 P. M.
Monroe and way, 1:45 P. M.	12:30 P. M.	1:45 P. M.
Madison through, 1:45 P. M.	12:30 P. M.	1:45 P. M.
St. Paul, through, 1:45 P. M.	12:30 P. M.	1:45 P. M.
Bellevue and way, 1:45 P. M.	12:30 P. M.	1:45 P. M.
Overland mail from Milwaukee to Madison and St. Paul, departs Tuesday and Friday at 7 A. M.; arrives Wednesday and Saturday at 8 P. M.		
Overland mail from Milwaukee to Janesville arrives Monday and Friday at 7 P. M.; departs Tuesday and Saturday at 8 A. M.		

J. M. BURGESS, Postmaster.

Ward Caucuses.

FIRST WARD.
The Republican election of the First Ward will meet at Washington, Madison, No. 5, on SATURDAY, the 13th day of October, 1861, at 2 o'clock P. M., to choose six delegates to the County Convention, and the usual number to attend the County Convention, to be held respectively on the 22d and 23d inst.

S. J. BELTON,
W. H. STROUD, Ward Com.
W. ROBINSON,

SECOND WARD.
The Republican election of the Second Ward will meet at the Office of Water Works, Engine Company No. 2, on SATURDAY, the 13th day of October, at 2 o'clock P. M., to choose six delegates to the County Convention, and the usual number to attend the County Convention, to be held respectively on the 22d and 23d inst.

A. J. JONES,
H. R. JACKMAN, Ward Com.

THIRD WARD.
The Republican election of the Third Ward will meet at the corner of L. Field, on SATURDAY, the 13th day of October, 1861, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of choosing four delegates to the Assembly District Convention, and the usual number to attend the County Convention, to be held respectively on the 22d and 23d inst.

G. S. STRASSBURGER,
S. W. SPENCER, Ward Com.
H. A. MILBURN,

FOURTH WARD.
The Republican election of the Fourth Ward will meet at the office of J. W. Story, on SATURDAY, the 13th day of October, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of choosing six delegates to the County Convention, and the usual number to attend the County Convention, to be held respectively on the 22d and 23d inst.

G. S. STRASSBURGER,
S. W. SPENCER, Ward Com.
H. A. MILBURN,

The Irish Brigade—Seventeenth Regiment Wisconsin Volunteers.

Irishmen, and sons of Irishmen, rally forth for your country's good, now that authority has been granted by Gov. Randall to raise an Irish regiment, to be known as above. The regiment will be commanded by officers in every way competent to assume so important a duty.

Those desirous of enlisting in an exclusive Irish regiment will now have an opportunity. One of the greatest advantages of our countrymen going together is that a chaplain of their own faith will accompany them. Major McMahon, of Watertown, exceedingly popular throughout the state, is at present in command, and reports four companies full.

For further particulars enquire at the recruiting office, Milwaukee street.

**EDWARD MOKEY,
JOHN W. ALLEN,
WILLIAM ADDY,
THOS. THORNTON.**

Reynolds' shoe store will open on Saturday, Oct. 19th.

TREWDY RIFLES.—This is the name of a company of volunteers forming at Milton for the 13th regiment. They visited Camp Tredway on Wednesday, and while in this city elected Pliny Norcross their captain. Capt. Norcross was in the first regiment during its campaign in Virginia, and thus has the advantage of having seen service. He will make a capable and energetic officer. The Tredway Rifles already number about sixty good able-bodied young men, and will return to Milton to recruit their full number.

Reynolds' shoe store will open on Saturday, Oct. 19th.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.—Messrs. Borden & Leach present our readers with an advertisement of their fine stock of goods. They are all new and the proprietors claim a share of patronage. We have no doubt they will make it for the interest of those wanting anything in their line to call on them.

O. K.—The old and reliable house of O. K. Bennett presents a list of staple and fancy dry goods, crockery, &c., in to-day's paper. By calling at his store you will have an opportunity to secure good bargains.

Reynolds' shoe store will open on Saturday, Oct. 19th.

ACCIDENT ON C. & N. W. RAILWAY.—The freight train which arrives here at 4:20 p. m., was behind time yesterday p. m., and while the train was standing on the main track at Milton Junction, it was backed into by a gravel train and one man named Patrick Case, was killed, and another will probably die; six others are injured.

Reynolds' shoe store will open on Saturday, Oct. 19th.

A QUEER PLACE TO SECURE REPT. DOCUMENTS.—There is little going on here but they know of it in Norfolk the same day; and to show conclusively how it is done, I will relate a circumstance which happened this morning while some of the ladies of necessity were waiting for the train to go over to Dixie. As the assistant provost marshal was holding a child of a few months of age in his arms, while its doting mother was opening her trunk to be searched for the long-sought-for article in a portion of its unmentionable clothing. After a little natural hesitation, he felt in the place indicated, and found that letters were secreted therein. He did not, however, let his secret be known until the trunk was all searched, and the pretty lady felt sure that all was right. But, alas for her! the gentlemanly marshal required her to remove a portion of the child's clothing. Her face flushed, and she tremulously obeyed; when, lo! a large package of letters was exposed to his gaze. They were taken to the office and opened, and several of them contained checks and drafts, while others were filled with valuable information concerning the movements of our forces. Of course the letters were detained, and the lady ordered to remain here for the present.

Letter from Fort Monroe.

Among the recent decisions at the general term of the supreme court of the Albany (N. Y.) district, was one in favor of Mr. J. S. Gessbury against Bradford. Wait, for seven years' subscription to the Catskill Recorder and Democrat. The decision was in favor of the publisher, and the judgments and costs, we understand, amount to between two and three hundred dollars.

Correspondence of the Daily Gazette.

From the Eighth Regiment.

CAMP BENTON, ST. LOUIS, MO., Oct. 15th, 1861.

Messrs. Editors:—We arrived in east St. Louis on Sunday evening at 9 o'clock, and crossed the river on Monday morning at 7 o'clock. The regiment was drawn up in line of battle on the levee, and presented a fine appearance. We were then marched up through the city, stopping in front of Barnum's Hotel, where Hon. Simon Cameron, secretary of war, addressed the soldiers of the eighth with a patriotic speech, telling us he was happy to meet the flower of Wisconsin in St. Louis. He said Wisconsin had reason to be proud of such men as stood before him there.

After listening to his speech we were marched about a mile through the streets, and then each man had a cup of coffee and a piece of bread dealt out to him. They all partook of it with a will. In St. Louis we met with the greatest reception I ever saw by the citizens. It was a perfect ovation. From one end of the city to the other the women (God bless them!) and the little girls and boys showered upon us bouquets, and threw kisses at the men, waved flags, handkerchiefs and showed the greatest Union feeling. Throughout some of the streets in which we passed it was perfectly clouded with flags, and everybody hallooing out, "Good for Wisconsin." We are glad you have come. A great many would ask how many regiments there were. I think the people here have not been used to seeing such large regiments as ours is. We passed quite a number of fortifications on the northern side of the city, on our way to camp. I should think we could give the seceders a good run should they drop in just now. Our pickets extend out some fifteen miles from camp. We have a splendid equipment here, about two miles in length and half a mile wide. There are 2,200 cavalry and several batteries of artillery, and I should think some 10,000 infantry here now. We are in barracks here, and very good ones. The ground is an oval shape and in good condition for drilling. I look a little more like war here than it does in Camp Randall.

The long string of army wagons and the big guns in and around the place look like war. By what I can hear we will soon leave here for the scene of action. We are better armed and equipped than any other regiment on the ground, and they say such are sent forward at once. We are ready for them. We draw a great crowd around our quarters, and I think, to-night when we come out on dress parade, we will take them all, for we are the only regiment that is entirely armed here, I believe. We have forty thousand round of ball cartridge here for our regiment, and ready to use them.

My wife and child are here in camp with me and seem to enjoy the fun as the little girl terms it. Quite a number of the men are sick from drinking the water here, myself among the rest. I spent a tough night last night. I will assure you, and am not well now. Stickney's hand that got shot in Madison, is very painful to him. The weather is very hot here. Many of the men gave out yesterday on the tramp, but the most are all right this morning. The trees are green here and it is quite like summer. If this is a secession place it is a pretty good kind of secession. Our barracks are capable of accommodating 30,000 men, so you can imagine what they are calculating to do around here. General Curtis is commanding the post at present.

Judge Noggle and Gov. Harlow are here and William Hayes is stopping with us at present. I saw Nat. Harsh yesterday, in St. Louis. They say there are some 25,000 troops in and around the city, but it is hard to estimate the number unless you should undertake to count them, and that would be quite a job, for I cannot look in any direction but what I can see soldiers.

I will try to keep you informed about our movements. There is a rumor here that the Seventh has been ordered to join us. I hope they will get a brigade of Wisconsin troops here soon.

I must now close by thanking the good people of Janesville for the abundant supply of eatables furnished us on Saturday last. Hoping to receive a copy of your paper occasionally.

I am yours with great respect,
W. B. BRITTON,
Co. G, 8th Reg. W. V.

P. S.—We are off for the wars. The right wing leaves here at 3 p. m.; the left wing at 9 a. m., to-morrow. We are ordered to provide ourselves with five days rations. Our destination is not known.

W. B. B.

Reynolds' shoe store will open on Saturday, Oct. 19th.

Who beat at the first game of Pharo?—Moses.

COMMERCIAL.

Janesville Wholesale Market.

Reported for the Janesville Gazette, by

BUMP & GRAY.

GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, October 17, 1861.

We continue yesterday's quotations:

WHEAT—good to choice milling spring 65¢; fair to choice 60¢; 1862 65¢; 1863 60¢.

CORN—1861 35¢; 1862 30¢; 1863 25¢.

OATS—good local demand at 14¢ per bushel.

RYE—good to choice at 22¢ per 60 lbs.

BARLEY—good to choice at 30¢; 25¢ per 50 lbs.

for common.

POTATOES—new 12¢ per bushel.

BUTTER—plenty at 10¢ per lb. for choice roll.

EGGS—good to choice at 75¢ per dozen.

WOOL—washed at 30¢ per lb. for choice clip.

HIDES—dressed, advanced to 85¢; 80¢; Dry, 80¢.

FLOUR—spring at retail 25¢, per 100 lbs.

POULTRY—dressed turkeys, 65¢; chickens, 55¢.

SHIRTS—1861 15¢; 1862 10¢; 1863 5¢.

Letter from Fort Monroe.

Among the recent decisions at the general term of the supreme court of the Albany (N. Y.) district, was one in favor of Mr. J. S. Gessbury against Bradford. Wait, for seven years' subscription to the Catskill Recorder and Democrat. The decision was in favor of the publisher, and the judgments and costs, we understand, amount to between two and three hundred dollars.

450 CASES AND 450 BALES

OF

NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED BY

McKEY & BRO.,

within the last 15 days! All of which are now

Opened, Marked and Ready for Sale.

AMONG them are the following:

100 CASES OF PRINTS,

containing 100,000 yards, consisting of Philip Allen's

Wamutis and American Prints, being the entire

stock of a New York Jobber, are all new Fall Styles,

rich, notwithstanding the advance on all Cotton

Goods, we will sell until disposed of at 5¢ per yard,

sold all over the Union at 1¢ to 15¢.

35,000 yards Madder Prints, at 5¢ per yard, worth

10¢.

10,000 yards good Madder Prints, at 20¢ per yard for one

dollar—only 6 cents per yard, worth today 8 cents per

yard.

3,500 yards Fancy Figured Delaines, at 1 shilling per

yard.

4,500 yards best French and American Delaines, at 20

cents per yard. Sold in every city of the United

States, except Janesville, at 25¢ per yard, at 10

cents per yard of various styles of

DRESS GOODS!

Importations, averaging from 15¢ to 25¢ up ward.

(Small white and black Prints to much worn as present,

just received. Also Fancy Prints, so much called

for.

500 pieces plain and fancy Melaines, all shades, having

been purchased at auction, we can afford to sell

them for less than cost of importation.

300 pieces all wool Delaine, brought as above, at 31

cents only, but well worth 50 cents per yard.

25 Pieces Lady's Cloth,

fine black and beaver, the latest style for cloaks, also

all trimmings to match.

10 bales cheap Brown Factory, at 6¢ per yard.

25 bales full yard wide Sheeting, at 8 cents per yard.

16 bales good, heavy, yard wide Brown Sheeting, at 10

cents.

We have more than our usual stock of

CANTON FLANNELS,

Bedding, Dressing, Table, Stripes, Wool Flannel in

any quantity, Table Cloths, and general stock of

Towels, Napkins, Brown Linens, Pocket

Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

25 Pieces Black Italian Silk,

just from Auction, at 75 cents per yard.

We purchased at one Bankrupt Sale in New York,

for net cash.

OVER 1,000 SHAWLS!

consisting of Square and Long Broche Shawls, Wool do,

do, Stellas, and almost all styles in market. We call

particular attention to our stock of

CHAIN LAIN SHAWLS,

which we will sell at about half the usual price. For

instance, we sell at \$20 the same style that we asked

\$40 for last year.

1,000 pieces assorted fancy

HARRIS AND FRENCH CASSIMERES,

SATINETTES AND KENTUCKY JEANS,

at Great Reduction, with the largest stock of

Ready-Made Clothing

in the state. French, English and German fine and

coarse

Cloths, Vestings, &c.,

which we will

MANUFACTURE TO ORDER

or sell by the yard or piece. Persons purchasing cloth

can have the same cut and trimmed at our Clothing

Department.

We will now say, in conclusion, to the rich and poor, old

and young, that

McKEY & BRO.

will not be under any firm in the United States. Don't

be deceived by false signs, but come to the

store of McKey & Bro. where you will see more goods

than the combined stocks of the whole large store

of this city.

To the wants of our increasing trade, we are

now enlarging our store, which, when completed, will

contain in size with any store of New York city. The

new building will be completed in 30 days, and will

make the size of our store 44 by 125 feet, enabling us

to do all our wholesale and retail business on the

ground floor.

McKEY & BRO.,

East side Main St., Janesville, Wis., sign of the Golden

Shawl, Janesville, October 13, 1861.

NEW GOODS!

—AT—

WHEELLOCK'S

JUST RECEIVED, a Splendid Assortment of

CROCKERY,

consisting of several patterns of

White Iron Stone China,

the best in the New York markets, and latest styles.

Full stock of

Also, a fine assortment of

FRENCH CHINA WARE,

Fancy and Plain, in sets and to match. From a large

assortment of

GLASSWARE,

Pressed and Cut, Plain and Fancy. Splendid lot of

Kerosene Lamps,

will be sold very low.

HAND LAMPS, SIDE LAMPS, &c., &c.

KEROSENE LANTERNS,

something new. Also,

OIL AND FLUID LANTERNS,

good choice,

LAMP CHIMNEYS, SHADES, &c.

Fine assortment of

Looking Glasses,

TEA TRAYS, CASTORS AND CRUSERS, TABLE

CUTLERY, DESERT KNIVES, RUBBER HAND-

LES, NEW PATTERNS OF FORKS AND

SPOONS, RUBBER SPITTOONS, &c.

These goods were bought very low of Importers and

Manufacturers only, and will

Be sold Cheap.

Call and see if these things are not so, at

WHEELLOCK'S,

MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE, WIS.

October 7th, 1861.

MILITARY SUITS!

McKEY & BRO.,

HAVE now in stock a full and complete assortment

of Military Clothing,

consisting of double width

BLUE DOESKIN

quite a new article for Military Coats, as it will not nap

and altogether used in New York city.

Particular attention to our stock of

Service Shoulder Straps

and trimmings to match. Our cutler,

M. C. KELLEY,

1901

1861

North-Western Railway
ARRANGEMENT.
Leave Janesville:

Chicago,	7.10 A. M.
"	2.45 P. M.
"	1.00 A. M.
"	3.45 A. M.
"	5.30 P. M.
La cahn.	12.25 A. M.

1.00 M.
8.15 A. M.
6.00 P. M.
Over Dan, Portage City, Wau
water and all points northward to
St. Johns, Duluth and points
central points east and south, or
vice versa.
E. P. PATTISON, Agent.
St. Louis and Chicago Rail
way.
E. P. M. TIME.
7.57 O'clock A. M.
St. Louis for St. 7.00 A. M.
11.00 P. M.
1.25 P. M.
3.00 P. M.
1.25 P. M.
St. Louis for 10.30 A. M.
1.05 P. M.
2.50 P. M.
4.30 P. M.
1.05 A. M.
St. Louis and Milwaukee, Green
Bay and all points north to St. Ros
Wm. B. STRONG, Agent.
Chicago Union Railroad.
10.35 A. M.
3.40 P. M.
5.00 P. M.
9.30 A. M.
April 15, train leaves as ab re.
St. Louis the new point to St. Ro
day, and all trains bound
meeting at Belvidere with trains
St. Louis, Waukegan, Burlington,
Duluth, and at Junction of G. B.
St. Louis, Fulton and leaves here
at 10.30 A. M. for St. Louis, Fulton and
at Jacksonville and Jacksonville
the Chicago and all points north
Mississippi Railroad. Direct ex-
press.

Junction of C. B. & Q. and G.
 Union, Hannibal and St. Joseph.
 at the office of this Company,
 leave daily except *Sunday*.
 J. COTT, Gen. Superintendent.
 Pass. Agent.
 W. ARRE, Agent.

Central Railroad.
 with Western & Albany New-
 ington and all places in New
 road for New York.
 and close connections at Chi-
 Central and Canada road for the

With the Michigan Southern
 Through from Chicago and al-
 terthwart to New York and Bos-
 ton in the East.

Is Any Other Route.
 In all the principal Ticket Offices
 Conipan's office 53 Clark Street
 Cause, Chicago, 53 Clark Street

ALLEN BUTLER, Buffalo,
 Geo. Pass. Agent,
 58 Cecil Street

Central Railroad:
UP M. T. 10:30 A. M. every day. 28th, trains will leave
 Central Depot, foot of Lake and
 29th, except Sundays, at 5:50 A. M.,
 midnight. This train touches
 Lake, Memphis, New Orleans and
 St. Louis.
Down every day, at 4:50 P. M., for
 arriving at Cairo at 8 P. M. next
 day. On Saturdays, will run to Urbana.
 Chicago at 9:30 A. M. and 9 P. M.
 On Saturdays, at 10:30 A. M. and 10
 P. M. **W. R. ALTHOFF**, Gen. Supt.
 Central Depot. **E. Passenger Agt.**
Central and Great Western
(Lake) Railroad:
 Central Central Depot, foot Lake at
 10:30 A. M. and 10:30 P. M. every day
 and Boston Express, every day

and Louisville Express, every day
and Boston Express, every day.
and Louisville Express, every day
day.
through.
sale at the principal railroad of-

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